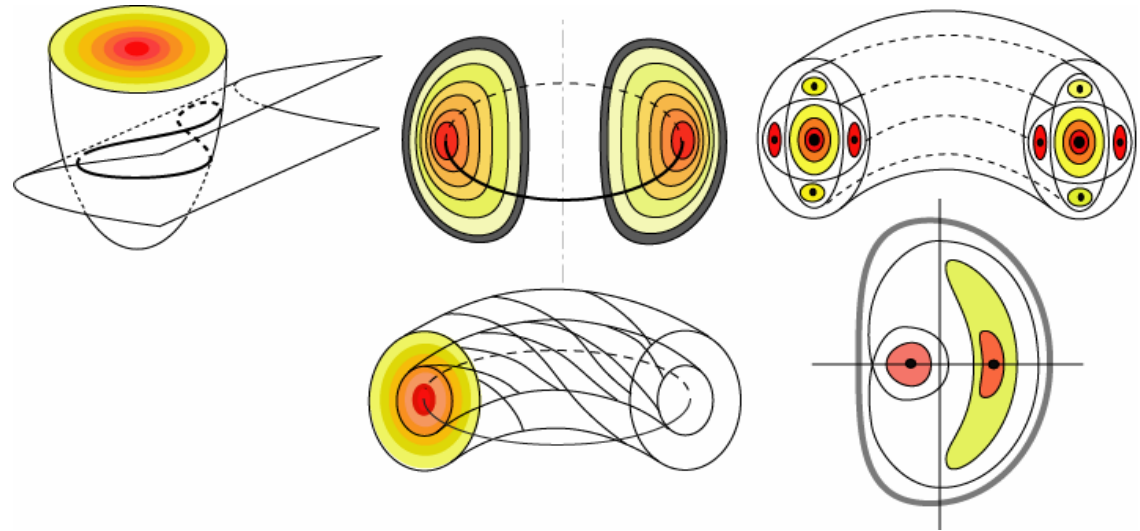


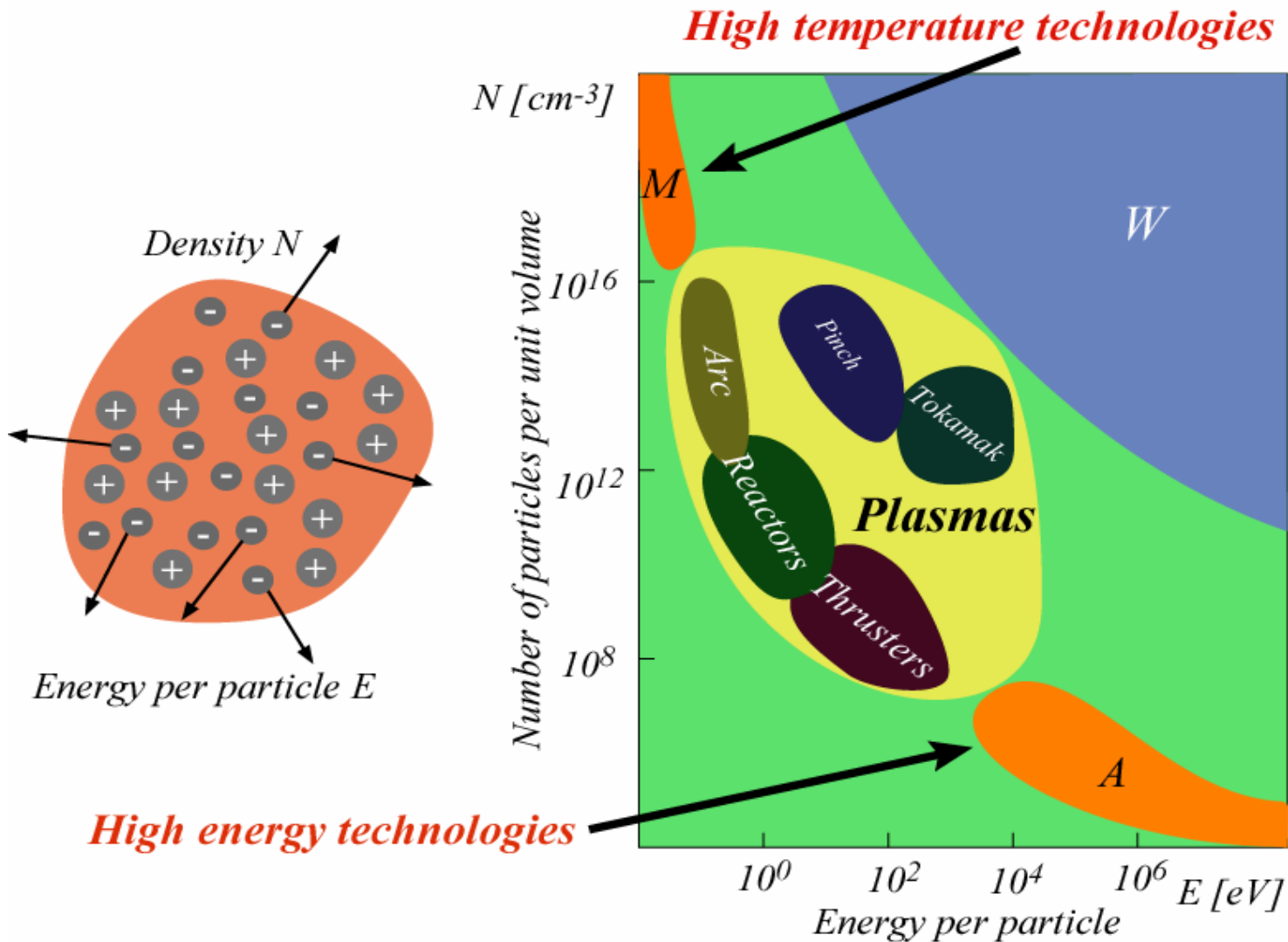
Solved and Unsolved Problems in Plasma Physics

A symposium in honor of Nat Fisch

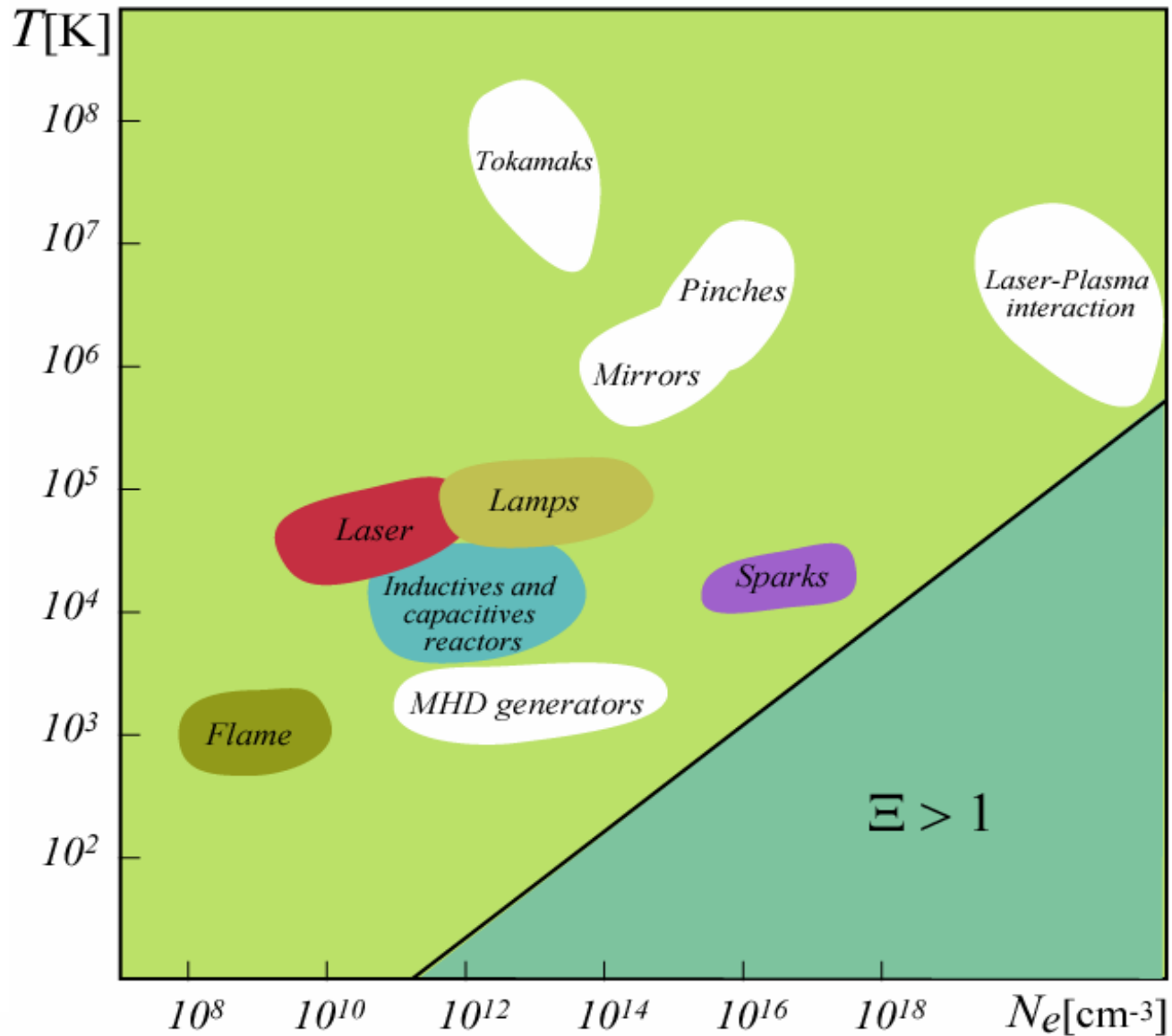


*Rotations and Instabilities for
Isotope and Mass Separations*

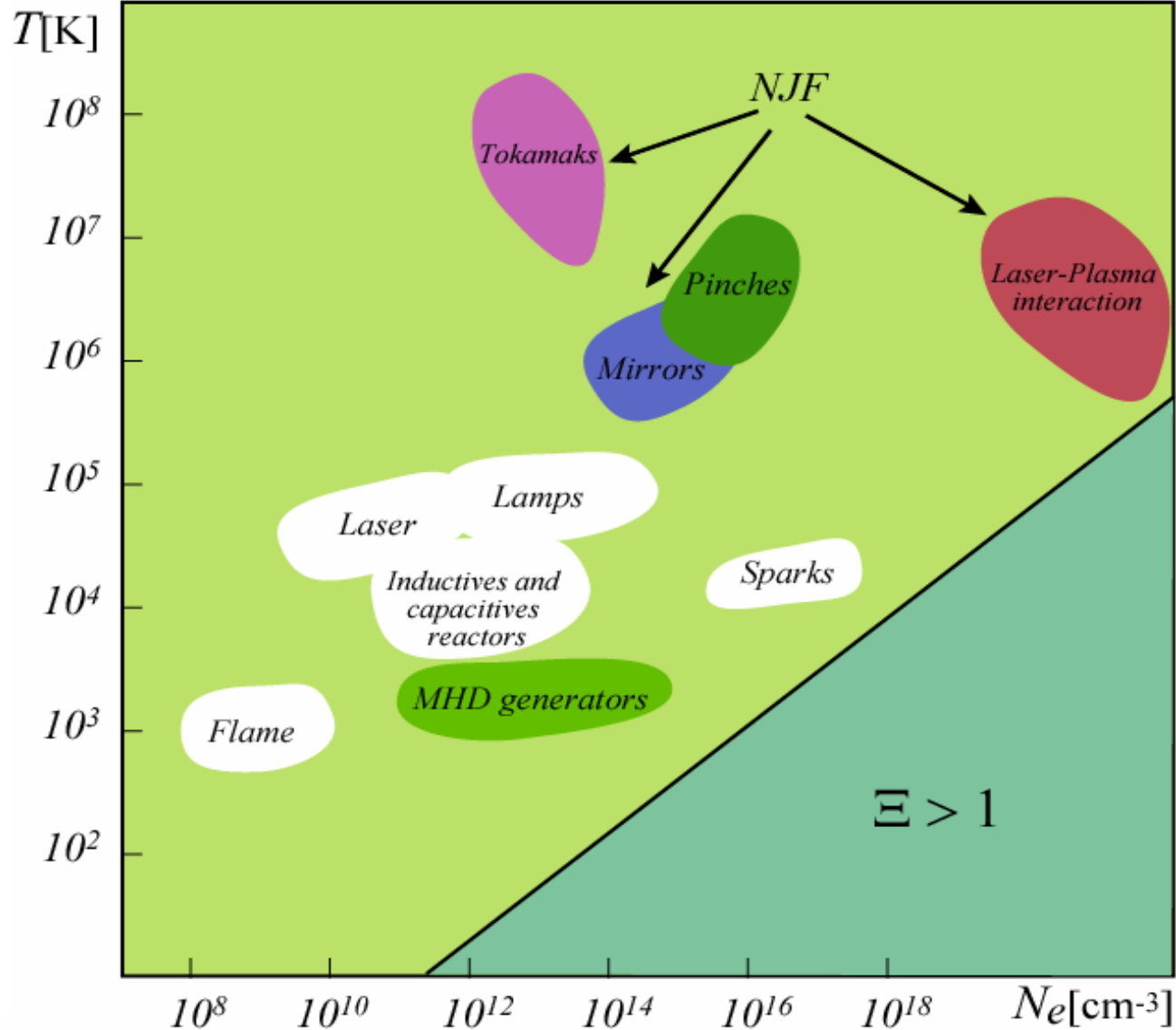
Plasmas problems and Plasmas devices



Solved problems in plasma physics



Unsolved problems in plasma physics



Rotations and instabilities for isotope and mass separation

Gueroult, R., Hobbs, D.T. & Fisch, N.J. 2015 Plasma filtering techniques for nuclear waste remediation. *Journal of Hazardous Materials* **297**, 153-159.

Fission Energy $^{235}\text{U} \longrightarrow 200 \text{ MeV}$

Plasma Processing $^{235}\text{U} \ ^{238}\text{U} \dots \longrightarrow \ll 10 \text{ keV}$

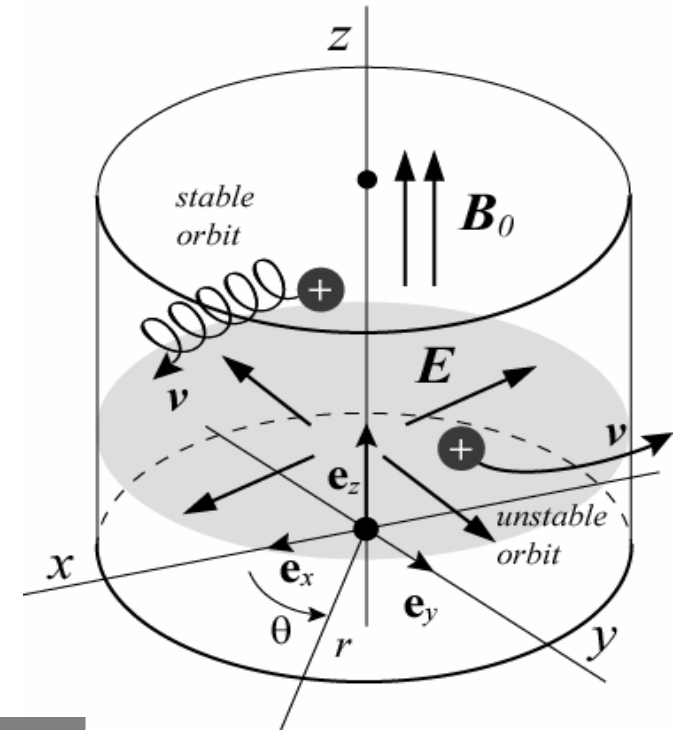
$dN/dt = n C_s S T \longrightarrow 10 \text{ T/Year}$

1% \longrightarrow 50-60

$$\frac{q}{m} [\mathbf{E}(x, y), \mathbf{B}_0] = [\Omega_E^2 x \mathbf{e}_x + \Omega_E^2 y \mathbf{e}_y, \Omega_c \mathbf{e}_z]$$

Brillouin condition

$$\Omega_c^2 > 2\Omega_E^2$$

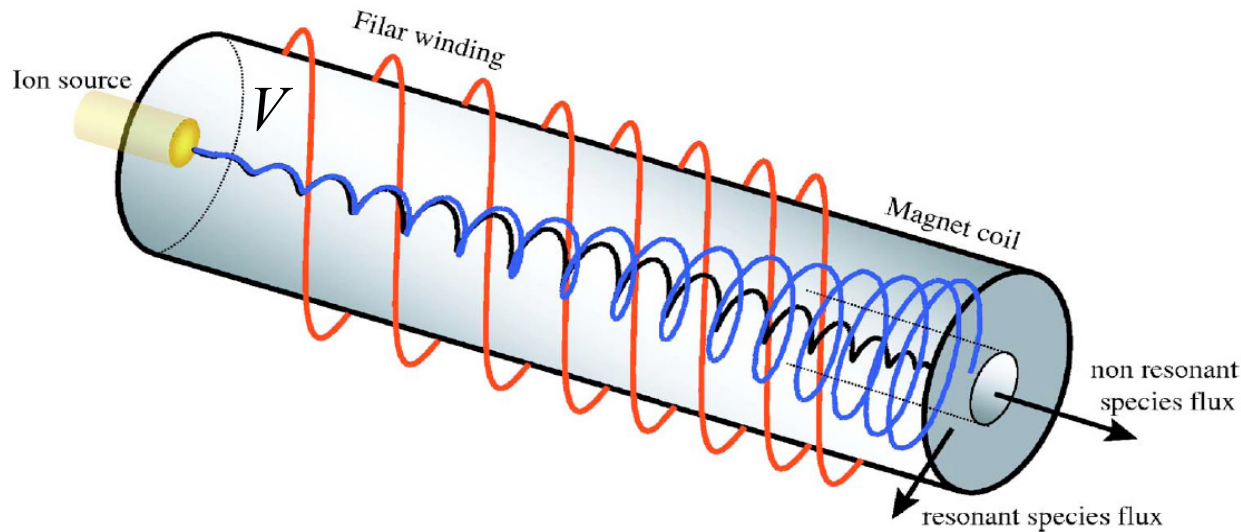


Rax, J.M., Fruchtman, A., Gueroult, R. & Fisch, N.J. 2015 Breakdown of the Brillouin limit and classical fluxes in rotating collisional plasmas. *Phys. Plasmas* **14**, 092101-1-092101-12.

Gueroult, R., Rax, J.M. & Fisch, N.J. 2014 The double well mass filter. *Phys. Plasmas* **21**, 020701-1-020701-3.

Autoresonant separation with an helical tapered wiggler

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}(x, y, z) = \left[\frac{q}{m} A \cos \int_0^z k(u) du - \frac{\Omega_c}{2} y \right] \mathbf{e}_x + \left[\frac{q}{m} A \sin \int_0^z k(u) du + \frac{\Omega_c}{2} x \right] \mathbf{e}_y$$

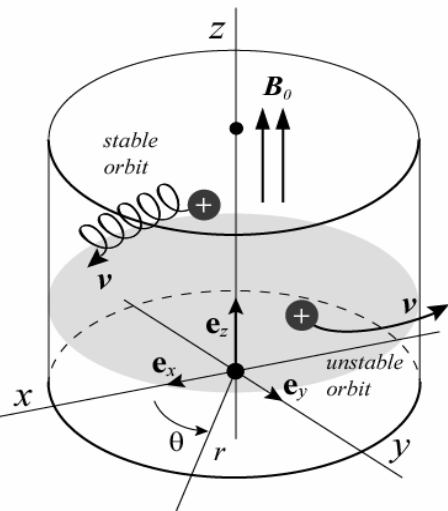


$$k(z) V = \Omega_c \left[\cos \left(\frac{2qA\Omega_c}{mV^2} z + \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} \frac{J_n(n)}{n} \sin \left(\frac{4nqA\Omega_c}{mV^2} z - \frac{n\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right]^{-1}$$

Rax, J.M., Robiche, J. & Fisch, N.J. 2007 Autoresonant ion cyclotron isotope separation. *Phys. Plasmas* 14, 043102-1-43102-8.

3 principles for plasma rotation

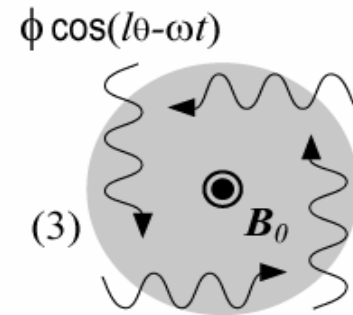
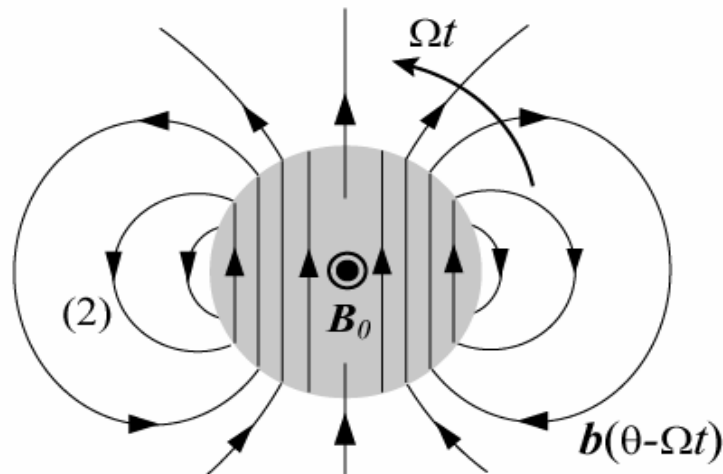
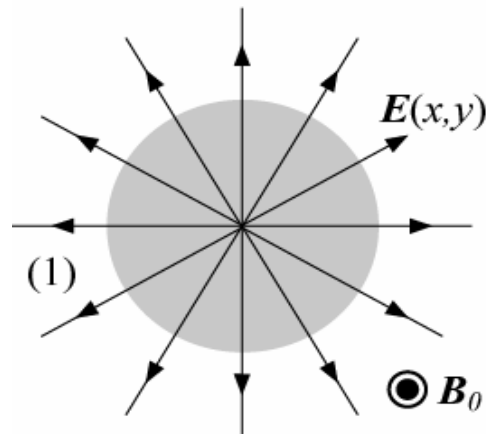
- (1) E (radial) cross B (axial) drift (azimuthal)
- (2) Frozen in Law with rotating $b(t)$ field
- (3) Direct injection of angular momentum with waves



$$\Phi(x, y, z, t) = \phi(r) \cos(l\theta + kz - \omega t)$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta W} = \frac{l}{\omega} \mathbf{e}_z$$

$$kV = n\Omega_c + \omega$$



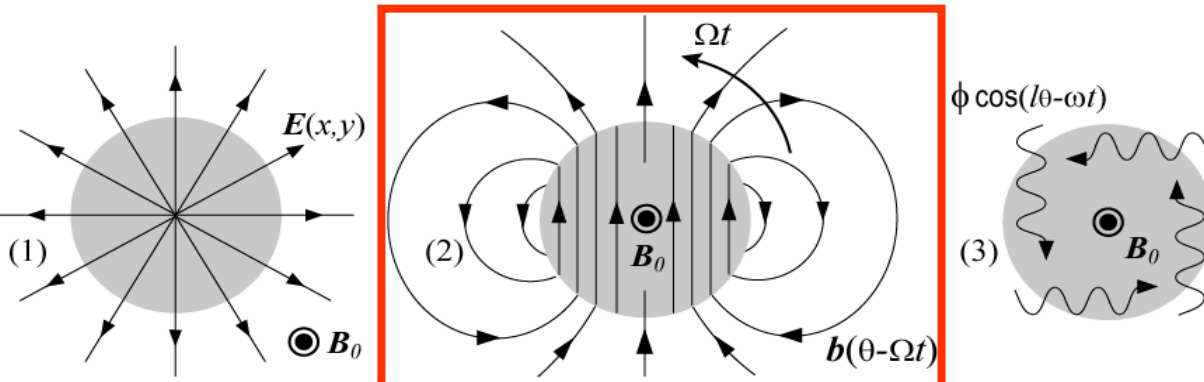
Fetterman, A.J. & Fisch, N.J. 2011 Wave-particle interactions in rotating mirrors. *Phys. Plasmas*

18, 055704-1-055704-4.

Fetterman, A.J. & Fisch, N.J. 2009 Wave-driven countercurrent plasma centrifuge. *Plasma Sources Science and Technology* 18, 045003.

Fetterman, A.J. & Fisch, N.J. 2011 The magnetic centrifugal mass filter. *Phys. Plasmas* 18, 094503.

3 basics rotating fields

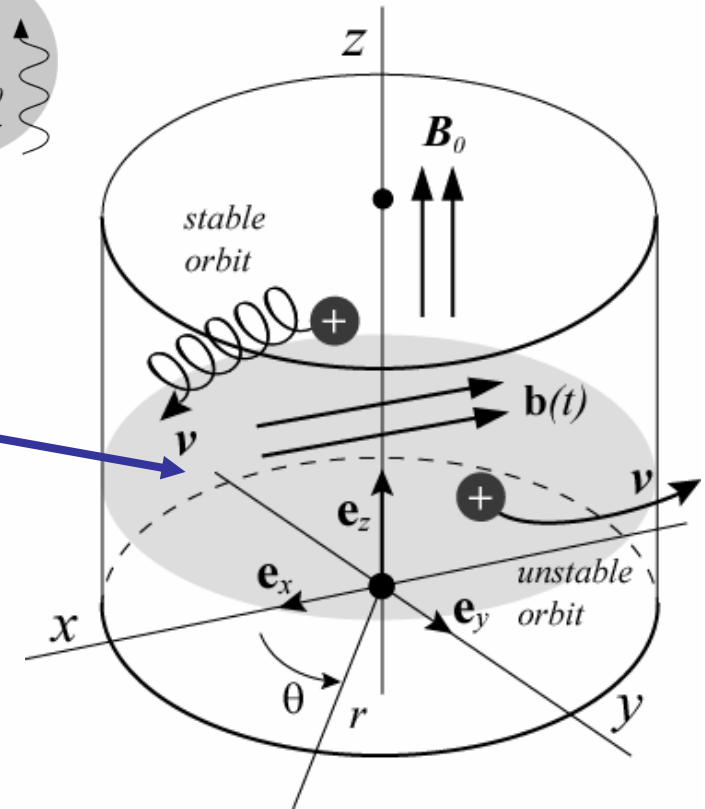


$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{b}(t) = \omega_c (\cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x + \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_s = \omega_c (y \cos \Omega t - x \sin \Omega t) \mathbf{e}_z$$

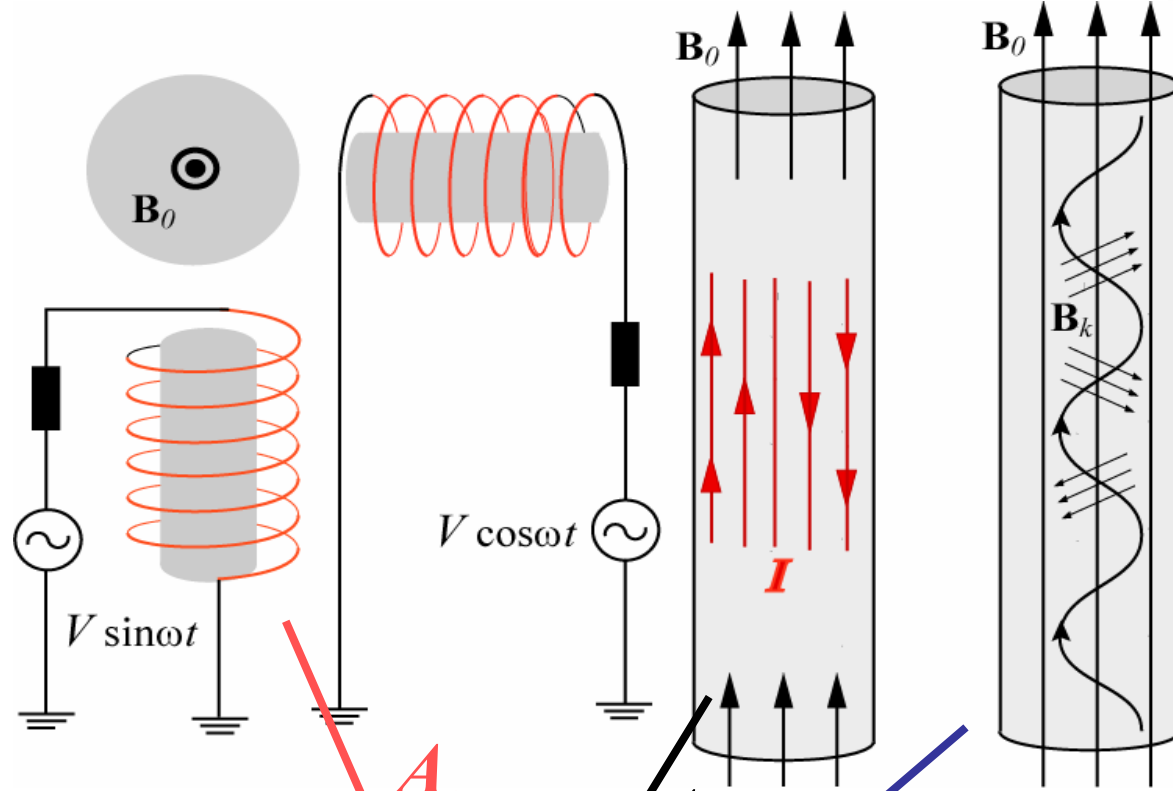
$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_a = \omega_c (z \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x - z \cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_c = \frac{\omega_c}{2} [z \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x - z \cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y + (y \cos \Omega t - x \sin \Omega t) \mathbf{e}_z]$$

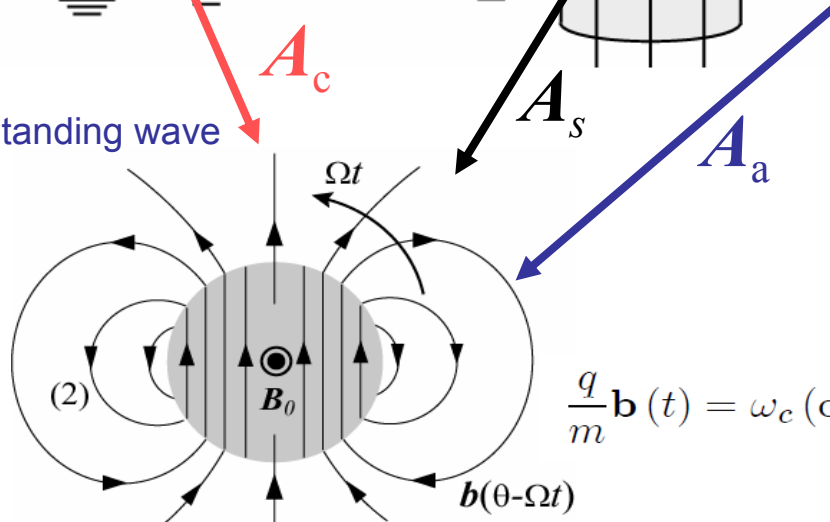


Fisch, N.J. & Watanabe, T. 1982 Field reversal by rotating waves. *Nuclear Fusion* **22** (3), 423-427.

3 basics rotating fields



Electric node of a surface Alfvén standing wave
Squirrel cage axial currents
Dephased orthogonal coils



$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{b}(t) = \omega_c (\cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x + \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$

1-Dephased orthogonal coils

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_c = \frac{\omega_c}{2} [z \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x - z \cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y + (y \cos \Omega t - x \sin \Omega t) \mathbf{e}_z]$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = \Omega_c \frac{dy}{dt} - \omega_c \frac{dz}{dt} \sin \Omega t - \frac{\Omega \omega_c}{2} z \cos \Omega t$$

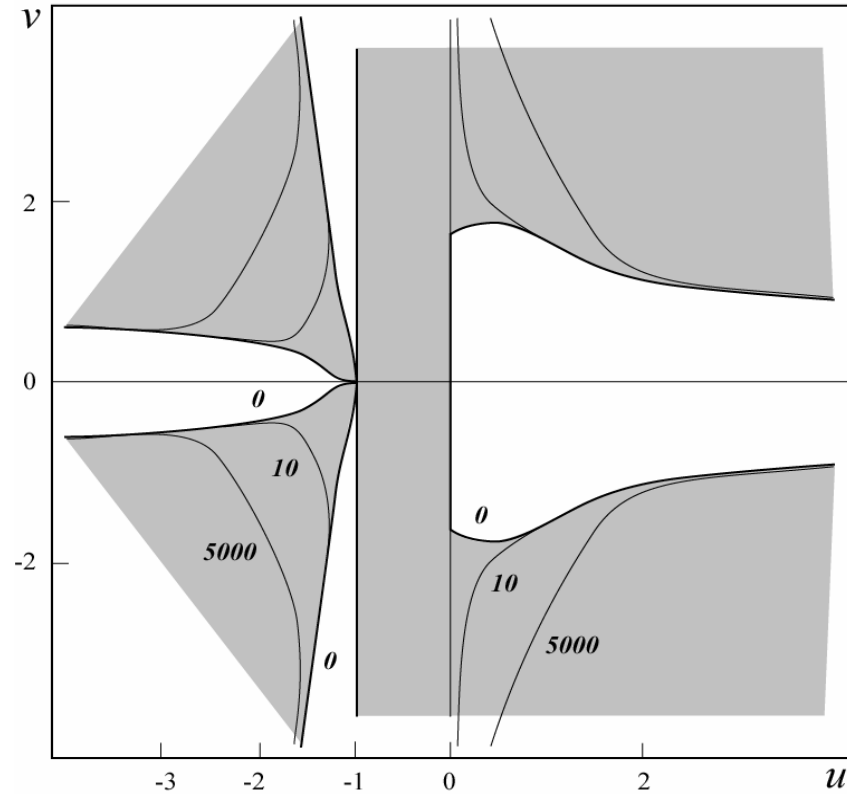
$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} = -\Omega_c \frac{dx}{dt} + \omega_c \frac{dz}{dt} \cos \Omega t - \frac{\Omega \omega_c}{2} z \sin \Omega t$$

$$\frac{d^2z}{dt^2} = \omega_c \left(\frac{dx}{dt} \sin \Omega t - \frac{dy}{dt} \cos \Omega t \right) + \frac{\Omega \omega_c}{2} (y \sin \Omega t + x \cos \Omega t)$$

$\exp j\omega t$

$$u = \frac{\Omega}{\Omega_c}, \quad v = \frac{\omega_c}{\Omega_c}, \quad w = \frac{\omega}{\Omega_c}$$

$$w^6 - \left((1+u)^2 + u^2 + v^2 \right) w^4 + u^2 \left((1+u)^2 + \frac{3v^2}{4} \right) w^2 - u^3 v^2 \frac{1+u}{4} = 0$$



2-Electric node of a surface Alfvén standing wave

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_a = \omega_c (z \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x - z \cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$

$$\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = \Omega_c \frac{dy}{dt} - \omega_c \frac{dz}{dt} \sin \Omega t - \omega_c \Omega z \cos \Omega t$$

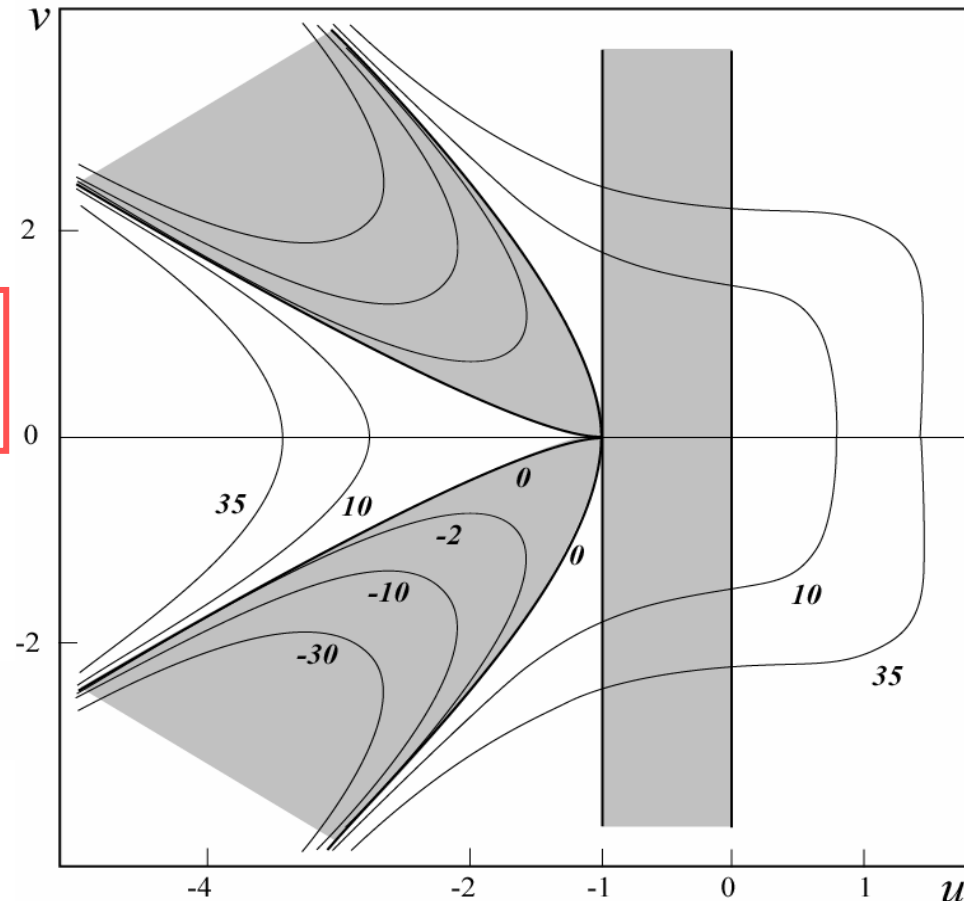
$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = -\Omega_c \frac{dx}{dt} + \omega_c \frac{dz}{dt} \cos \Omega t - \omega_c \Omega z \sin \Omega t$$

$$\frac{d^2 z}{dt^2} = \omega_c \frac{dx}{dt} \sin \Omega t - \omega_c \frac{dy}{dt} \cos \Omega t$$

$\exp j\omega t$

$$u = \frac{\Omega}{\Omega_c}, \quad v = \frac{\omega_c}{\Omega_c}, \quad w = \frac{\omega}{\Omega_c}$$

$$w^4 - \left((1 + u)^2 + v^2 \right) w^2 + uv^2 (1 + u) = 0$$



$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_s = \omega_c (y \cos \Omega t - x \sin \Omega t) \mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = -\Omega_c \frac{dx}{dt} + \omega_c \frac{dz}{dt} \cos \Omega t$$

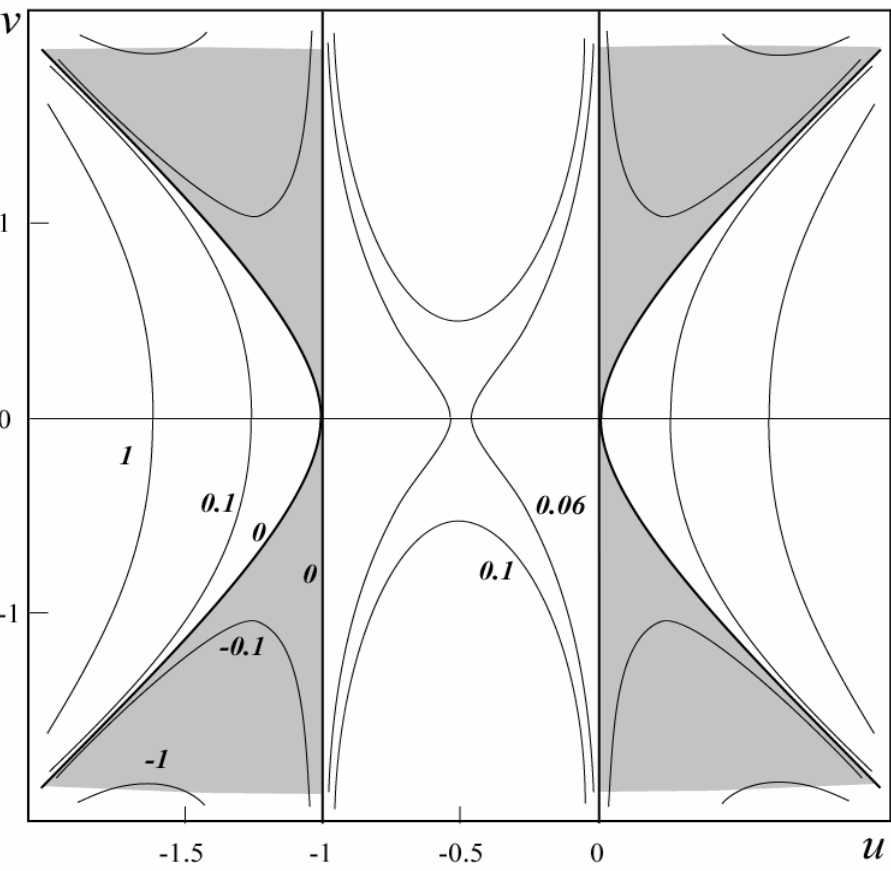
$$\frac{d^2 z}{dt^2} = \omega_c \left(\frac{dx}{dt} \sin \Omega t - \frac{dy}{dt} \cos \Omega t \right) + \Omega \omega_c (y \sin \Omega t + x \cos \Omega t)$$

$$\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = \Omega_c \frac{dy}{dt} - \omega_c \frac{dz}{dt} \sin \Omega t$$

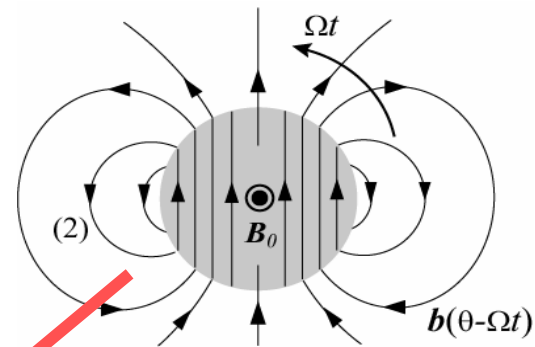
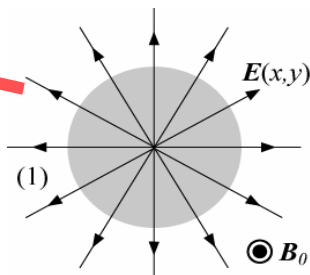
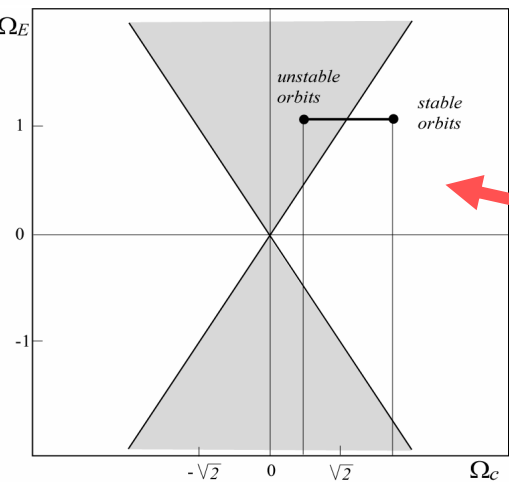
exp $j\omega t$

$$u = \frac{\Omega}{\Omega_c}, \quad v = \frac{\omega_c}{\Omega_c}, \quad w = \frac{\omega}{\Omega_c}$$

$$w^4 - \left((1+u)^2 + u^2 + v^2 \right) w^2 + u(1+u)(u+u^2-v^2) = 0$$



Mass separation with rotating fields

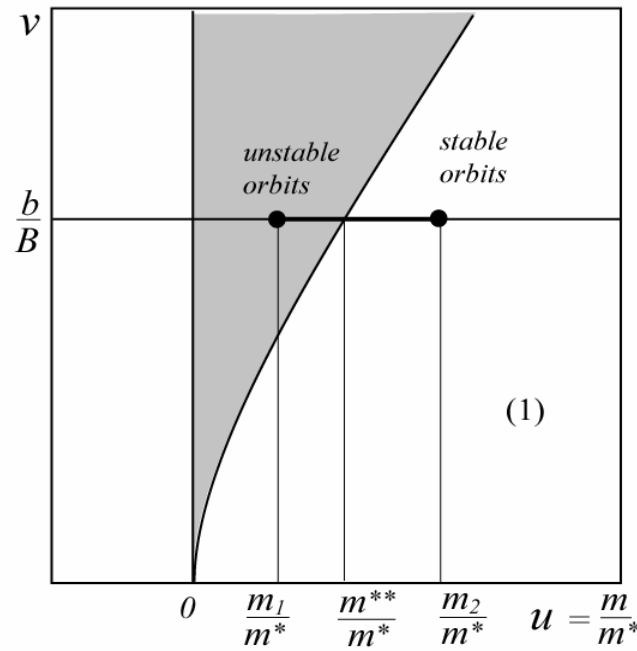
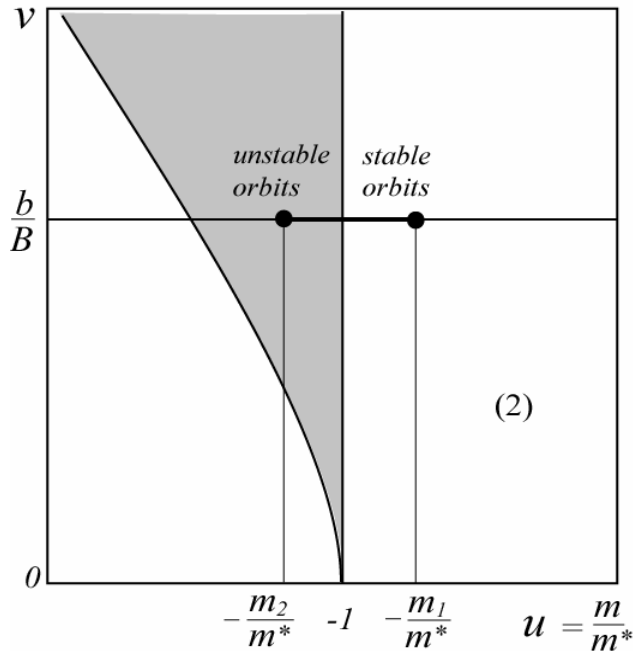


$$m^{**}(b) = m^* \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{b^2}{B^2}} - \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$m^* = \frac{qB_0}{\Omega}$$

$$v = \frac{\omega_c}{\Omega_c} = \frac{b}{B_0}$$

$$u = \frac{\Omega}{\Omega_c} = \frac{m}{m^*}$$

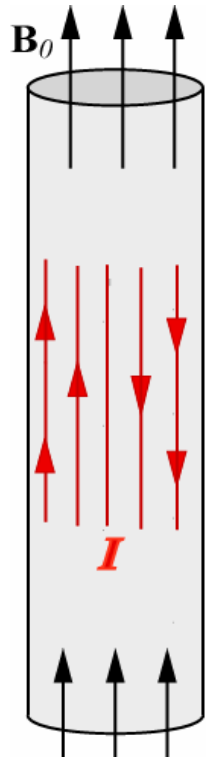
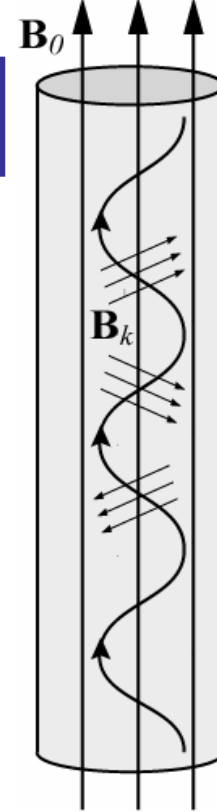


$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{b}(t) = \omega_c (\cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x + \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$

unsolved problems

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_a = \omega_c (z \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x - z \cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$

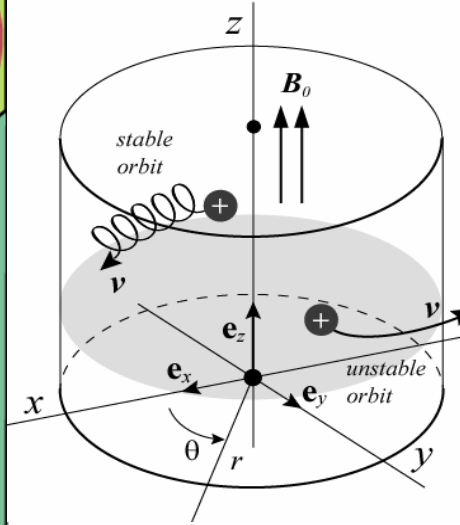
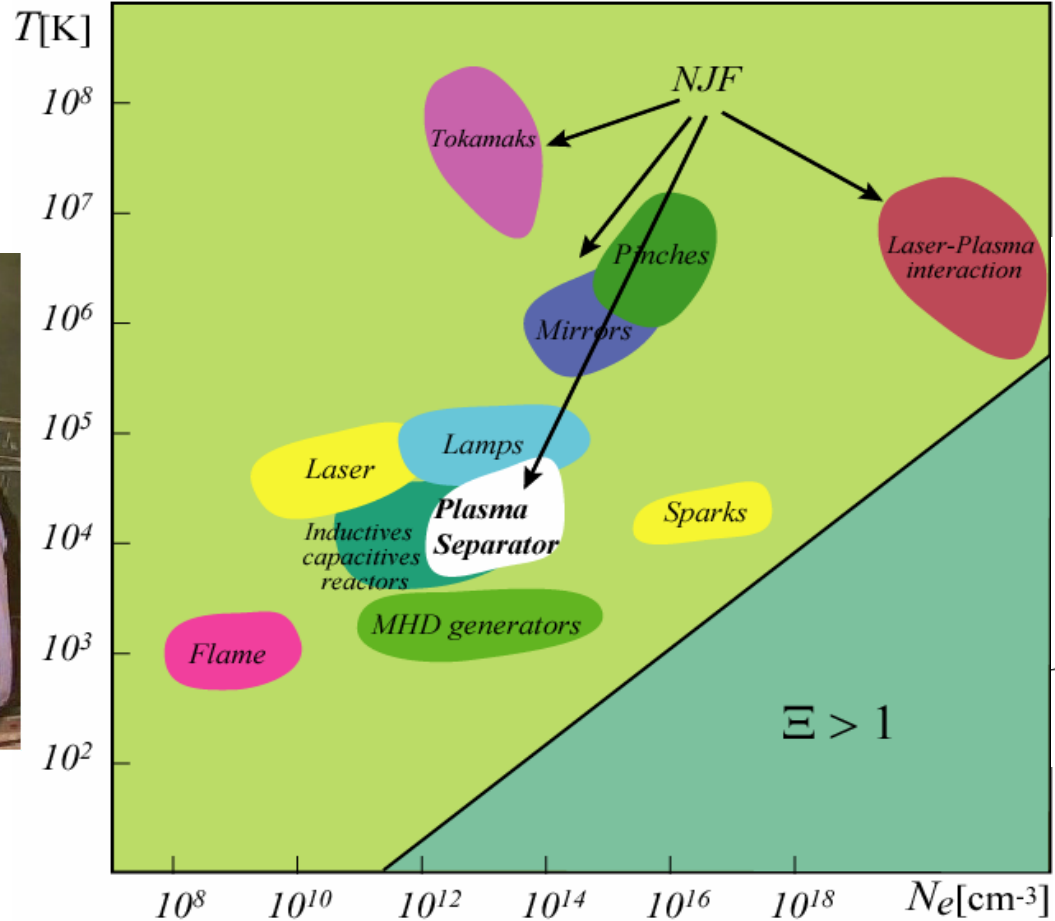
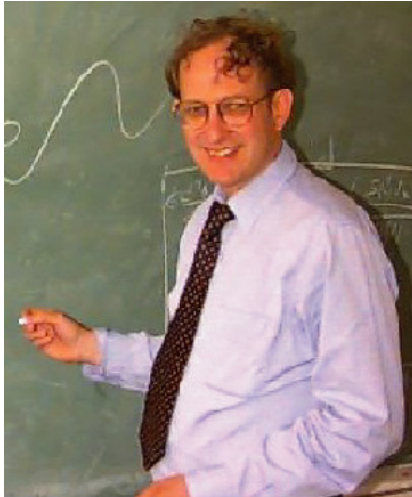
$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_a^* = \frac{\omega_c}{k_A} (\sin k_A z \sin \Omega t \mathbf{e}_x - \sin k_A z \cos \Omega t \mathbf{e}_y)$$



$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_s = \omega_c (y \cos \Omega t - x \sin \Omega t) \mathbf{e}_z$$

$$\frac{q}{m} \mathbf{A}_s^* = \frac{\omega_c}{k_p} (\sinh k_p y \cos \Omega t - \sinh k_p x \sin \Omega t) \mathbf{e}_z$$

Solved or unsolved problems in plasma physics



Gueroult, R.. & Fisch, N.J. 2012 Practical considerations in realizing a magnetic centrifugal mass filter. *Phys. Plasmas* **19**, 122503.

Fetterman, A.J. & Fisch, N.J. 2011 Metrics for comparing plasma mass filters. *Phys. Plasmas*

18, 103503.